Resource	Advantages/uses	Disadvantages/limits
Biomass	 Gets rid of agricultural waste (manure, plant wastes) Can reduce landfill space No net contribution of greenhouse gas, if the land used to grow the biomass is replanted 	 Sources other than garbage are scarce in city areas Odor from burning may be unpleasant Burning causes air pollution
Hydro- electric power	 Supply never runs out Does not produce pollution or greenhouse gases Most efficient way to make large amounts of electricity Can help with flood control The reservoir created can be used for recreation 	 Can change the natural course of a river Water intake can kill fish Can only be used in areas that have rivers or oceans Can affect the water plants and animals downstream
Solar power	 Supply never runs out Good for use where there are no electric power lines available Can be placed in unused spaces such as roofs Does not produce pollution or greenhouse gases If installed on a house, you may have no electric bills Sunlight is free 	 Panels are expensive to produce Requires some sort of storage, such as batteries Making the cells uses resources and makes pollution Can only be used on sunny days
Geothermal	 This heating and air conditioning system can be used on any home Heat from the earth is free It never runs out Does not produce pollution or greenhouse gases Heating bills are very cheap No outside source of fuel is needed 	 Hydrovent power plants can only be made in certain spots More expensive to buy this heating and cooling system for your house than a standard furnace If you got a leak in your underground tube of liquid, it would be a pain to dig up your yard and fix it.
Wind	 Does not produce pollution or greenhouse gases If installed on a house you may have free electric bills It never runs out Wind is free 	 Will not work on some days Can be noisy and aren't nice to look at Storms or high winds could knock it over